Prime People Plc Annual Report and Accounts

Annual report and financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2008

2008

Contents	Page
Chairman's statement	1
Operating review	3
Financial review	5
Directors and advisers	6
Report of the directors	7
Corporate governance	13
Remuneration report	16
Report of the independent auditors	18
Consolidated income statement	20
Consolidated statement of changes in shareholders' equity	21
Consolidated balance sheet	22
Company balance sheet	24
Group and company cash flow statement	25
Notes to the financial statements	26
Notice of Annual General Meeting	52
Form of Proxy	53

Chairman's statement

Introduction

I am pleased to report on the results of Prime People Plc for the year ended 31 March 2008, which show continued progress with profit before tax increasing by 21.1 per cent to £2.43m compared to £2.01m in 2007.

Prime People's net fee income ('NFI') for the year ended 31 March 2008 grew by 29.6 per cent to £14.04m (2007: £10.84 m). The year was one of continued growth and expansion in our main trading subsidiary, Macdonald & Company Group Limited ("Macdonald").

In the UK, we continue to see demand for professionals operating in the built environment sector on the back of long-term investment, development and infrastructure projects and a general current skill shortage. In line with the slowing in the commercial property market, we have noticed a weakening of requirement for transactional and investment professionals. However the performance of our market leading team is expected to continue to be a material contributor to UK revenue.

In line with our stated plans to broaden the Macdonald business overseas, during the year being reported, head count in Hong Kong, Australia, the Republic of South Africa and the UAE increased by 86 per cent overall, with 27 per cent of all our fee earners located abroad at the year end. During the year, the four overseas offices contributed 24 per cent of the Group's NFI (2007: 10 per cent).

Statutory Results

The Statutory results are set out in full in the financial statements and commented upon in the financial review.

The table below provides the highlights of the Company's performance for the year ended 31 March 2008.

	Year ended 31 March 2008 £'000 Actual	Year ended 31 March 2007 £'000 Actual	% Change
Gross fee income	24,279	20,179	+20.3%
Direct Costs	(10,241)	(9,344)	
Net fee income	14,038	10,835	+29.6%
Admin Expenses	(11,525)	(8,748)	
Operating profit	2,513	2,087	+20.4%
Net interest	(79)	(78)	
Profit before tax	2,434	2,009	+21.1%
Taxation at 33% (2007:33%)	(803)	(665)	
Profit after tax	1,631	1,344	+21.4%
Fully diluted EPS	12.72p	10.93p	+16.4%

Prime People includes the trading businesses of Macdonald and Harper Craven Associates

Chairman's statement (continued)

Dividend

The strong underlying performance of Macdonald over the past year has led the Board to propose a final dividend of 2.4 pence per ordinary share. This will be paid on 16 July 2008 to shareholders on the register on 20 June 2008 and brings the total dividend paid to shareholders for the year to 3.75 pence per ordinary share.

Future Activity

In pursuing our overall growth strategy we continue to plan organic expansion, which will be predominantly abroad during 2009. At the same time we will continue to consider acquisition targets of an appropriate size and operational fit, subject to their meeting stringent acquisition criteria.

Finally, I should like to thank our staff for their commitment and contribution to the business during the year and for helping to make it possible for Macdonald to be ranked fifteenth in "The Sunday Times Best Small Companies to Work For 2008".

Robert Macdonald **Executive Chairman**

5 June 2008

Operating Review

Macdonald

Our core business is the provision of executive and professional recruitment services to the built environment sector in the UK and internationally, a sector managing commercial property assets in the UK alone valued at £762bn. We have seen a further increase in revenue and profit over the past year as the business has maintained its record of consistent growth. Net fee income ("NFI") increased by 30.3 per cent from £10.5m in 2007 to £13.7m in 2008 reflecting an increase in fee earners of 20 per cent, bringing our total number of consultants to 97 at the year end. Details of the split between temporary and permanent net fee income is shown below:

	Year ended 31 March 2008 £'000	Year ended 31 March 2007 £'000	% change
Net fee income – contract & temporary	2,502	2,190	+14.2%
Net fee income - permanent	11,176	8,308	+34.5%
Total net fee income	13,678	10,498	+30.3%

UK Offices

In the UK, Macdonald has offices in London and Manchester providing services to the built environment sector in ten separate revenue areas including Freelance (temporary workers). The range of specialist areas served by the UK offices gives a broad range of opportunities to source revenue as demand in the sector fluctuates. The Freelance service, which accounted for 24 per cent of UK NFI in the year, provides a degree of counter cyclical support to our overall offering.

Overseas Offices

Having established our first overseas office in January 2006, as at 31 March 2008 we had 26 fee earners operating from our four overseas offices in the UAE, Hong Kong, the Republic of South Africa and Australia. In 2009, the number of overseas based fee earners is anticipated to grow substantially, with growth mainly being in the UAE and Hong Kong, and at the date hereof the total number of overseas fee earners has risen to 33 in line with our plans. During the year, the Australian office performance was below expectations and is receiving detailed management attention.

In total, our overseas offices contributed 24 per cent of NFI in 2008 and we expect NFI derived from our overseas offices to continue to increase significantly as a proportion of total NFI in 2009.

Operating Review (continued)

Harper Craven

Harper Craven, which has been in the group for a number of years, provides bespoke sales, marketing and management training and coaching programmes to a broad range of corporate clients. It has made a contribution of £57k to group profits before tax compared to £55k in 2007.

Outlook

Whilst we are cautious about UK growth for the year to 31 March 2009 and revenue visibility is limited, prospects for Macdonald appear solid with demand for its services continuing at a level from which good profitability can be obtained. The UK 'pipe line' of infrastructure and development projects still has far to run and the £762bn of UK commercial property stock requires increasingly sophisticated expertise, in investment and management, from the people Macdonald places into new employment.

Overseas we continue to be heartened by the positive reception we receive from locally based employers, many of which are also international businesses with whom we have long established relationships. The areas of high GDP growth accessed by our Middle and Far East operations provide resilience to our business model and bolster our expectations for 2009.

Our people

Finally, I should once again like to thank our staff for their hard work and commitment over the last twelve months and remind shareholders that these results are a testament to their efforts.

Peter Moore **Managing Director**

5 June 2008

Financial Review

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS).

Trading Results

Gross fee income for the year from continuing operations increased by 20.3 per cent to £24.28m (2007: £20.18m).

Net fee income increased by 29.5 per cent to £14.04m (2007: £10.84m).

The group considers net fee income to be the key indicator of the performance of the business and is defined as the income generated from permanent placements together with the contribution earned from contract and temporary staff.

Administrative expenses totalled £11.53m which represents 82.1 per cent of net fee income (2007: £8.75m: 80.1 per cent). Profit before tax increased by 20.9 per cent to £2.43m (2007: £2.01m).

The taxation charge is £0.8m on a profit on ordinary activities before taxation of £2.43m which gives an overall tax rate of 33 per cent (2007: 33 per cent). The reasons for the difference from the standard UK corporation tax rate of 30 per cent are detailed in note 9 of the accounts.

Earnings Per Share

The continuing diluted earnings per share is 12.72p (2007: 10.93p)

Dividend

As outlined in the chairman's statement, the directors propose a final dividend of 2.4 pence which will be paid on 16 July 2008 to shareholders who are on the register on the 20 June 2008 making a total dividend paid to shareholders for the year to 3.75 pence per ordinary share.

Treasury Management

Net cash inflow of £2,096k (2007: inflow of £1,266k) was generated from operating activities during the year which after net taxation payments of £758k (2007: net payment of £525k) resulted in a net cash inflow from operating activities of £1,338k (2007: inflow of £741k).

The group operates a centralised treasury function with a net debt position at 31 March 2008 of £164k compared to £844k at 31 March 2007.

Christopher Heayberd **Finance Director**

5 June 2008

Directors and Advisers

Directors

R J G Macdonald (Executive Chairman)
P H Moore (Managing Director)
C I Heayberd (Finance Director)
J H J Lewis OBE (Non-Executive)
S J Murphy (Non-Executive)

Secretary and registered office

C I Heayberd, 40a Dover Street, London, W1S 4NW.

Registered number

1729887

Stockbrokers & Nominated Advisers

Arbuthnot Securities Limited, Arbuthnot House, 20 Ropemaker Street, London EC2Y 9AR

Solicitors

Howard Kennedy, 19 Cavendish Square, London, W1A 2AW.

Auditors

Horwath Clark Whitehill LLP, Aquis House, 49-51 Blagrave Street, Reading, Berkshire, RG1 1PL

Principal bankers

Barclays Bank plc, Corporate Banking, 1 Churchill Place, London E14 5HP

Registrars

Neville Registrars Limited, Neville House, Laurel Lane, Halesowen, West Midlands, B63 3DA.

Report of the directors for the year ended 31 March 2008

The directors present their annual report together with the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2008.

Principal activity, business review and future developments

The principal activity of the Group during the year was the provision of recruitment and training services.

A review of the Group's business results is contained in the Chairman's statement and the Operating and Financial reviews on pages 1 to 5.

Results

The consolidated profit on ordinary activities after taxation amounted to £1,631k (2007: £1,344k).

Dividends

An interim dividend of 1.35 pence per ordinary share was paid on 21 December 2007 to those shareholders on the register at 7 December 2007 and a final dividend of 2.4 pence per ordinary share will be paid on 16 July 2008 to those shareholders on the register at 20 June 2008.

Directors and directors' interests

The directors who held office during the year were as follows:

R J G Macdonald (Executive Chairman)
P H Moore (Managing Director)
C I Heayberd (Finance Director)
J H J Lewis (Non-executive)
S J Murphy (Non-executive)

The directors who held office at the end of the financial period had the following interests, all of which are beneficial, in the ordinary shares of Prime People Plc, as recorded in the register of directors' share interests:

	Ordinary shares of 10p each 31 March 2008	Ordinary shares of 10p each 31 March 2007	
R J G Macdonald	2,480,127	2,480,127	
P H Moore	2,897,906	2,897,906	
C I Heayberd	199,238	199,238	
J H J Lewis	1,180,849	1,180,849	
S J Murphy	230,000	230,000	

Details of directors' share options are given in the Remuneration Report on page 16.

There have been no changes to the directors' interests in the ordinary share capital of Prime People Plc between 31 March 2008 and 16 May 2008.

Report of the directors for the year ended 31 March 2008 (Continued)

Directors' biographies

Robert Macdonald 60 - Executive Chairman

Robert has held senior positions within the recruitment industry since 1973 when he founded Reuter Simkin Ltd, a recruitment business in both the legal and property sectors. After the sale of Reuter Simkin in 1989, he acquired shares in and was chairman of, two other recruitment companies including Straker Simkin which acquired the legal business of Reuter Simkin in the West of England from PSD in 1992 and traded as Macdonald & Company. In 1994, he established Macdonald & Company as a specialist property recruitment agency in London. Macdonald & Company was incorporated separately in 1996 when certain key members of staff, including Peter Moore, acquired equity stakes.

Peter Moore MRICS 38 - Managing Director

Peter worked with Strutt & Parker from 1992 to 1995, qualifying as a Chartered Surveyor in 1994. He joined Macdonald & Company in November 1995 and was appointed Managing Director in 1996. As MD of Macdonald & Company, Peter has responsibility for its day-to-day operations. He has introduced operational tools such as customer relationship management, anonymous staff surveys, staff working groups, objective grading systems for staff and highly incentivising remuneration schemes. He specialises in advising on topics such as staff retention, mergers and acquisitions, human resource policy and remuneration benchmarking. He is also responsible for the industry's benchmark salary and benefits survey undertaken annually in conjunction with RICS.

Christopher Heayberd BA ACA 55 - Finance Director

Christopher qualified as a Chartered Accountant in 1980 and since that date has held a number of financial positions in a broad range of industries. Since 1989 his main focus has been the business services sector. This included 4 years as Finance Director of PSD Group plc, during which time the company was admitted to trading on the London Stock Exchange. Christopher rejoined the Board of Prime People in June 2000 and for a period of five years combined the role of Finance Director with other business interests. In May 2005 he returned full time to the Board.

John Lewis OBE LLB (Hons) 67 - Non-executive director

John is a solicitor (non practicing) and a consultant to Eversheds. Previously he served as a partner in Lewis Lewis and Co which became part of Eversheds after a series of mergers. John is currently a director of AIM listed G R (Holdings) Plc and several private companies. He has served as chairman of Cliveden Plc and Principal Hotels Plc and as deputy chairman of John D Wood & Co Plc, retiring in each case when the company was sold.

Simon Murphy BSc ACA 43 - Non-executive director

Simon qualified as a Chartered Accountant with Coopers & Lybrand. Until April 2005 he was a Managing Director in the global investment banking division of HSBC. He was Chief Executive of Prime People from May 2005 until the acquisition of Macdonald & Company Group Ltd.

Report of the directors for the year ended 31 March 2008 (Continued)

Substantial shareholders

The following shareholders held interests of 3 per cent or more of the nominal value of the issued ordinary share capital of the Company, as recorded in the register of substantial share interests at 16 May 2008.

	Number of 10p ordinary shares	Percent of issued share capital %
Peter Moore	2,897,906	24.09
Robert Macdonald	2,480,127	20.62
John Lewis	1,180,849	9.82
Peter Hearn	719,963	5.99
The Cayzer Trust Company Limited	439,881	3.66
City of London PR Group	429,455	3.57

Except for the interests disclosed above, the directors are not aware of any other interests (direct or indirect) of 3 per cent or more of the issued ordinary share capital of the Company.

The mid market quotation of the Company's shares at close of business on 31 March 2008 was 69.5p. The highest and lowest mid market quotations in the period from 1 April 2007 to 31 March 2008 were 134.5p and 62p.

Policy and practice on payment of creditors

The Group agrees payment terms with each of its major suppliers and seeks to abide by these terms, subject to satisfactory performance by the supplier. Trade creditors for the Group at the year end represent 30 days average purchases (2007: 40 days). The Company makes no trade purchases.

Personnel policies

The Group gives consideration to applications for employment from disabled persons where the requirements of the job may be adequately covered by a handicapped or disabled person.

The Group has embraced the Government's policy on Stakeholder Pensions and made available schemes open to all employees.

During the year, the policy of providing employees with information about the Group has been continued and employees have been encouraged to present their own suggestions and views.

Report of the directors for the year ended 31 March 2008 (Continued)

Environmental policy

The Group recognises its responsibilities for the environment and gives due consideration to the possible effects of its activities on the environment. The Group's activities have a minor effect on the environment. However it is the Group's aim to reduce the environmental impact of its activities and to operate in an environmentally responsible manner. The Group is committed to the following principles to ensure the business operates in an environmentally sensitive manner:

- Encouraging the re-use and re-cycling of products
- Ensuring efficient use of materials and energy
- Purchasing environmentally friendly materials where appropriate.

Political and Charitable Donations

The group made charitable donations of £8,062 (2007: £1,711). The group made no political donations during the year (2007: £Nil).

Directors' and officers' liability insurance

The Company maintains liability insurance for the directors and officers of the Company and its subsidiaries.

Special business for the annual general meeting

The notice of the meeting contains Ordinary and Special Resolutions to be proposed at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting to be held on 30 July 2008. The Special Business is detailed below:

Allotment of shares

The Companies Act 1985 provides that the directors of the Company may only allot unissued shares if they have the authority of shareholders or the Articles of Association to do so. Approval of shareholders will therefore be sought in resolution 8 to grant authority to allot shares up to a maximum aggregate nominal amount of £400,923. This amounts to 4,009,232 shares or approximately 33.33 per cent of the total share capital in issue as at 1 June 2008.

Except for the issue of shares held under an existing Enterprise Management Incentive Scheme, details of which are set out in note 20 of these accounts the directors have no intention, at present, of issuing any part of that capital and no issue will be made which will effectively alter control of the company without the prior approval of shareholders in general meeting.

In addition, the Companies Act 1985 gives shareholders statutory rights of pre-emption, whereby any shares issued for cash must be offered to existing shareholders pro-rata to their respective holdings. Assuming your board is granted the authority to issue new shares by shareholders, authority will be sought in resolution 9 to allot shares for cash up to a maximum aggregate nominal amount of £60,144, representing 601,445 shares, being approximately 5 per cent of the issued ordinary share capital of the Company, to persons other than existing shareholders as if the statutory pre-emption rights did not apply. The authorities granted by the relevant resolutions will expire on the earlier of 31 July 2009 or at the conclusion of the next Annual General Meeting of the Company.

Report of the directors for the year ended 31 March 2008 (Continued)

Market purchases of own shares

Resolution 10 will be proposed as a special resolution at the Annual General Meeting and, if approved, will give the Company authority to make market purchases of its own shares out of the distributable profits of the Company. The Directors propose that the Company should be authorised to purchase a maximum of 1,202,890 ordinary shares of 10p each, equivalent to approximately 10 per cent of the current ordinary shares in issue. On such purchase, such ordinary shares will be cancelled.

The effect of any purchases will be to reduce the number of shares in issue and the authority will only be exercised if the directors believe that to do so would result in an increase in earnings per share for remaining shareholders and is in the best interest of shareholders generally. The directors have no present intention of making such purchases but consider it prudent to have this ability to enable them to act on short notice in appropriate circumstances.

Under the Companies Act 1985 (as amended), the Company is allowed to hold its own shares in treasury following a buy-back, instead of cancelling them as previously required. Such shares may be resold for cash but all rights attaching to them, including voting rights and any rights to receive dividends, are suspended whilst they are held in treasury. If the Board exercises the authority conferred by Resolution 10 the Company will have the option of holding repurchased shares in treasury.

The full exercise of all options outstanding at the date of the notice of meeting may require the issue of up to 922,267 Ordinary shares. This represents 7.67 per cent of the Company's issued share capital if the proposed authority to purchase the Company's own shares has been obtained and exercised in full (in each case at the date of notice of the Annual General Meeting).

Statement of Directors' Responsibilities

The Directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the Directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under the law the Directors have prepared the Group and parent company financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ('IFRSs') as adopted by the European Union. In preparing these financial statements, the Directors have also elected to comply with IFRSs issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ('IASB'). The financial statements are required by law to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and the Group and of the profit or loss of the Group for that period.

After making enquiries, the Directors have a reasonable expectation that the Company and the Group have adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. For this reason, they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

In preparing these financial statements the Directors are required to:

- Select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- Make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- State that the financial statements comply with IFRSs as adopted by the European Union and IFRSs issued by the IASB.

The Directors confirm that they have complied with its above requirements in preparing the financial statements.

Report of the directors for the year ended 31 March 2008 (Continued)

Statement of Directors' Responsibilities (continued)

The Directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and the Group and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and the Group and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The Directors are also responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the Company website. Legislation in the United Kingdom governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

Disclosure of Information to Auditors

In the case of each of the persons who are Directors at the time when the report is approved:

- So far as the Director is aware, there is no relevant audit information (that is, information needed by the Company's auditors in connection with preparing their report) of which the Company's auditors are unaware; and
- The Director has taken all the steps that he or she ought to have taken as a Director in order to make himself or herself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditors are aware of that information.

Auditors

Horwath Clark Whitehill LLP are appointed as auditors and have expressed their willingness to continue in office and a resolution to re-appoint them will be proposed at the Annual General Meeting.

On behalf of the Board

C I Heayberd **Director** 5 June 2008

Corporate governance

Statement by the Directors on compliance with the Combined Code

The Company is listed on the Alternative Investment Market (AIM) and is therefore not required to comply with section 1 of the 2006 Combined Code. Nevertheless, the Board is committed to ensuring that proper standards of corporate governance operate throughout the Group and has followed the principles of the Code so far as is practicable and appropriate for the nature and size of the Group.

This is not a statement of compliance as required by the Combined Code and should therefore not be relied upon to give the disclosure which would normally be made.

A statement of the directors' responsibilities in respect of the financial statements is set out on page 11. Below is a brief description of the role of the Board and its Committees, followed by a statement regarding the Group's system of internal controls.

The Board

The Board currently consists of an executive chairman, R J G Macdonald, two other executive directors and two non-executive directors.

The non-executive directors are J H J Lewis and S J Murphy. Both receive a fixed fee for their services and their interests in the shares of the company are as described on pages 7 and 17.

Biographies of the board members appear on page 8.

The Board meets at least 6 times each year and more frequently where business needs require and the directors receive monthly management accounts detailing the performance of the Group. The Board has a general responsibility for overseeing all day to day matters of the Company with specific responsibility for reviewing trading performance, resources (including key appointments), finding, setting and monitoring strategy, examining acquisition opportunities and reporting to shareholders. The non-executive directors have a responsibility to ensure the strategies proposed by the executive directors are fully considered and to bring their judgment to bear in this role.

To enable the Board to function effectively and directors to discharge their responsibilities, full and timely access is given to all relevant information. In the case of Board meetings, this consists of a comprehensive set of papers, including regular business progress reports and discussion documents regarding specific matters.

Directors are free to and regularly make further enquiries where they feel it is necessary and they are able to take independent professional advice as required at the Company's expense. This is in addition to the access which every director has to the company secretary.

The Board considers itself to be a "small board", and therefore has not set up a separate Nomination Committee. Appointments to the Board of both executive and non-executive directors are based on approval by the full Board.

Any director appointed during the year is required, under the provisions of the company's Articles of Association, to retire and seek election by shareholders at the next Annual General Meeting. The Articles also require that one third of the directors retire by rotation each year and seek re-election at the Annual General Meeting.

Corporate governance (Continued)

The Board (Continued)

The directors have resolved that they will retire at least once every three years even though not required by the Company's Articles.

The executive directors abstain from any discussion or voting at full board meetings on Remuneration Committee recommendations where the recommendations have a direct bearing on their own remuneration package.

Remuneration of non-executive directors is determined by the Board. Non-executive directors abstain from discussions concerning their own remuneration.

The Company publishes a full annual report and financial statements which are available to shareholders on request and to other parties who have an interest in the Group's performance.

All shareholders have the opportunity to put questions at the Company's Annual General Meeting.

Audit Committee

The Audit Committee comprises the two non executive directors of the Company and is chaired by S J Murphy. Its terms of reference require it to meet not less than twice each year and it provides a forum for reporting by the Group's auditors. By invitation, the meetings are also attended by the Finance Director.

The Audit Committee is responsible for reviewing a wide range of financial matters including ensuring that the financial performance of the Group is adequately measured and controlled, correctly represented, reported to and understood by the Board. The Audit Committee advises the Board on the appointment of external auditors and on their remuneration, both for audit and non-audit work, and discusses the nature and scope of their audit. The Committee has unlimited access to the Company's auditors.

Remuneration Committee

The members of the Remuneration Committee comprises the two non executive directors of the Company and is chaired by J H J Lewis. The principal terms of reference of the committee are set out in the Remuneration Report on pages 16 to 17. The report also contains full details of directors' remuneration and a statement of the Company's remuneration policy. The committee meets when required to consider all aspects of the executive directors' remuneration, drawing on outside advice as necessary.

Going concern

The directors believe the Group has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. For this reason, they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the accounts.

Corporate governance (Continued)

Internal controls

The directors are responsible for the Group's system of internal control and for reviewing its effectiveness which, by its nature, can only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss.

The Board has reviewed the effectiveness of the Group's internal control systems for the period 1 April 2007 to the date of approval of the financial statements. The Board will continue to review the effectiveness of its control assessment system on a regular basis.

The Board has established procedures, which are designed to provide effective internal control for the Group and these include:

Control Procedures

The directors have in place an organisational structure with clearly defined levels of responsibility and delegation of authority.

Control procedures include annual budget approval and monitoring of actual performance. Formal staff appraisal procedures and training programmes are in place. Capital expenditure requests are reviewed by the Board and appropriate due diligence work will be carried out when a business is to be acquired.

It is Board policy that executive directors receive suitable training for their position, which is considered as part of the appraisal process.

Risk Management

The directors and operating company management have a clear responsibility for identifying risks facing each of the businesses and for putting in place procedures to mitigate and monitor risks. Risks are assessed during the annual budget process, which is monitored by the Board, and the ongoing Group strategy process.

Financial Reporting

The Group has a comprehensive system of financial reporting. There is a detailed budgeting system in place which includes the plan of each operating Company being approved by the executive directors and the Board approves the overall Group budget. On a monthly basis, actual results are reported against budget and any significant adverse variances examined and remedial action taken where necessary.

Remuneration Report

The Remuneration Committee comprises J H J Lewis and S J Murphy. The Committee makes recommendations to the Board on the total reward package for the Company's Executive Directors.

Remuneration policy

The main aim of the committee is to attract, retain and motivate high calibre individuals with a remuneration package comprising of basic salary, incentives and rewards which are linked to the overall performance of the Group and which are comparable to pay levels in companies of similar size and in similar business sectors.

Service contracts

Executive Directors

All Executive Directors hold a contract for service which includes a notice period of one year. The Executive Directors have service agreements with the Company which are terminable by either party giving one years notice. There are no provisions for liquidated damages on the early termination of any of the Directors' service contracts nor provisions for mitigating damages.

Non-executive directors

Both non-executive directors have letters of appointment which entitle either party to give three months notice.

Remuneration of Directors

The remuneration of directors who served during the period is shown in the table below. Remuneration includes management salaries, fees as directors, performance related bonuses and taxable benefits. Remuneration shown is in respect of each director's period in office during the year as a board member of Prime People Plc and includes remuneration from the Company and its subsidiary undertakings.

	Salaries and fees	Performance related payments	Benefits	Year ended 31 March 2008 Total	Year ended 31 March 2007 Total
	£	£	£	£	£
Executive Chairman					
R J G Macdonald	92,346	-	3,878	96,224	91,687
Executive Directors					
P H Moore	153,914	-	11,521	165,435	157,339
C I Heayberd	120,290	25,000	3,893	149,183	133,728
Non-Executive Directors					
J H J Lewis	15,690	-	-	15,690	15,000
S J Murphy	15,690	-	-	15,690	15,000
	397,930	25,000	19,292	442,222	412,754

Remuneration Report (Continued)

Directors' Options

At 31 March 2008 directors' options on ordinary shares of 10p each granted under the Prime People Enterprise Management Incentive Scheme, were as follows:

Director	Date Granted	Granted	Exercise Price	Exercise Period
S J Murphy	16 May 2005	184,234	57.5p	16 May 2007 - 15 May 2015
C I Heayberd	16 May 2005	184,234	57.5p	16 May 2007 - 15 May 2015

On behalf of the Board

J H J Lewis

Chairman of the Remuneration Committee

5 June 2008

Independent auditors' report

Independent auditors' report to the shareholders of Prime People Plc

We have audited the group and parent company financial statements of Prime People Plc for the year ended 31 March 2008 which comprise the Group Income Statement, the Group and Parent Company Balance Sheets, the Group and Company Cash Flow Statements, the Group and Parent Company statements of Changes in Equity and the related notes numbered 1 to 25. These financial statements have been prepared under the accounting policies set out therein.

This report is made solely to the company's shareholders, as a body, in accordance with Section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's shareholders those matters which we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's shareholders, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinion we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

The directors' responsibilities for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) as adopted for use by the European Union, are set out in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities.

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland).

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and whether the financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the Directors' Report is consistent with the financial statements. The information given in the Directors' Report includes that specific information presented in the Chairman's Statement, Operating Review and Financial Review that is cross referred from the Business Review section of the Directors' Report. In addition we report to you if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and transactions with the group is not disclosed.

We read other information contained in the Annual Report and consider whether it is consistent with the audited financial statements. This other information comprises only the Chairman's Statement, the Operating Review, the Financial Review, Directors and Advisors, The Report of the Directors, the Corporate Governance Statement and the Remuneration Report. We consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements or material inconsistencies with the financial statements. Our responsibilities do not extend to any other information.

Independent auditors' report

Independent auditors' report to the shareholders of Prime People Plc (Continued)

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgments made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the Company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion:

- the group financial statements give a true and fair view, in accordance with IFRSs as adopted for use by the European Union, of the state of the group's affairs as at 31 March 2008 and of the group's profit for the period then ended;
- the parent company financial statements give a true and fair view, in accordance with IFRSs as adopted for use by the European Union as applied in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act 1985, of the state of the parent company's affairs as at 31 March 2008;
- the financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985; and
- the information given in the Directors' Report is consistent with the financial statements.

HORWATH CLARK WHITEHILL LLP

Chartered accountants and registered auditors Reading 5 June 2008

Consolidated income statement for the year ended 31 March 2008

	Note	Year ended 31 March 2008 £'000	Year ended 31 March 2007 £'000
Gross fee income Direct costs	4	24,279 (10,241)	20,179 (9,344)
Net fee income Administrative expenses		14,038 (11,525)	10,835 (8,748)
Operating profit	5	2,513	2,087
Interest receivable and similar income Interest payable and similar charges	8	12 (91)	18 (96)
Profit before taxation		2,434	2,009
Tax expense	9	(803)	(665)
Profit after tax attributable to equity shareholders		1,631	1,344
Earnings per share -Basic -Diluted	11	13.56p 12.72p	11.38p 10.93p
-Continuing basic -Continuing diluted		13.56p 12.72p	11.38p 10.93p

All recognised gains and losses are included in the profit and loss account.

The notes on pages 26 to 51 form part of these financial statements

Prime People Plc

Consolidated statement of changes in shareholders' equity at 31 March 2008

	Called up share capital	Shares to be issued £'000	Share premium account	Share option reserve	Other Reserve	Foreign currency translation	Retained earnings	Total
	£'000		£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
At 1 April 2006	1,084	1,000	6,214	-	173	-	1,816	10,287
Consideration shares to be issued	119	(1,000)	881	-	-	-	-	-
Equity dividends	-	-	-	-	-	-	(271)	(271)
Share option charge	-	-	-	78	-	-	-	78
Profit for the year	-	-		-	-	-	1,344	1,344
At 31 March 2007	1,203	-	7,095	78	173	-	2,889	11,438
Equity dividends	-	-	-	-	-	-	(433)	(433)
Share option charge	-	-	-	58	-	-	-	58
Currency translation differences	-	-	-	-	-	(15)	-	(15)
Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,631	1,631
At 31 March 2008	1,203	-	7,095	136	173	(15)	4,087	12,679

The notes on pages 26 to 51 form part of these financial statements

Consolidated balance sheet at 31 March 2008

	Note	2008 £'000	2007 £'000
Assets Non – current assets Goodwill Property, plant and equipment Deferred tax asset	12 13 16	9,769 314 66	9,769 316 91
		10,149	10,176
Current assets Trade and other receivables Cash and cash equivalents	17 18	5,751 688	4,601 304
		6,439	4,905
Total assets	_	16,588	15,081
Liabilities Current liabilities Financial liabilities Trade and other payables Current tax liabilities	18 19	292 2,577 480 3,349	308 2,034 461 2,803
Non-current liabilities Financial liabilities – borrowings	18	560	840
Total liabilities		3,909	3,643
Net assets		12,679	11,438

Consolidated balance sheet at 31 March 2008 (continued)

2008 2007 Note £'000 £'000 Capital and reserves Called up share capital 20 1,203 1,203 Share premium account 7,095 7,095 Other reserve 173 173 Share option reserve 136 78 Currency translation differences **(15)** Retained earnings 4,087 2,889

12,679

11,438

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the Board on 5 June 2008

R J G Macdonald C I Heayberd

Equity shareholders' funds

The notes on pages 26 to 51 form part of these financial statements

£'000	2007 £'000
10,926	10,976
8	3
69	66
11,003	11,045
1,399	848
132	149
1,531	997
12,534	12,042
200	207
289 70	287 62
359	349
560	940
	840
919	1,189
11,615	10,853
	1,203
	7,095
	173
	61 2,321
11,615	10,853
	11,615 1,203 7,095 173 65 3,079

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the Board on 5 June 2008 C I Heayberd R J G Macdonald

The notes on pages 26 to 51 form part of these financial statements

Prime People Plc

Group and company cash flow statement for the year ended 31 March 2008

		Group		Company Very and ad Very and ad		
	Note	Year ended 31 March 2008 £'000	Year ended 31 March 2007 £'000	Year ended 31 March 2008 £'000	Year ended 31 March 2007 £'000	
Cash inflow / (outflow) from operating activities						
Cash generated by operations Corporation tax paid	23	2,096 (758)	1,266 (525)	(459)	(613)	
Net cash from/(used in) operating activities	<u>-</u>	1,338	741	(459)	(613)	
Cash flows from investing activities Interest received Interest paid Disposal of investment held for sale		12 (91)	18 (96) 178	1 (90)	1 (88) 178	
Net purchase of property, plant and equipment Dividend received		(146)	(164)	(8) 1,250	(1) 1,236	
Net cash (used in)/from investing activities	_	(225)	(64)	1,153	1,326	
Cash flows from financing activities Repayment of borrowings Capital element of hire purchase obligations Dividend paid to shareholders		(280) (3) (433)	(280) (7) (271)	(280) - (433)	(280) - (271)	
Net cash used in financing activities	-	(716)	(558)	(713)	(551)	
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	-	397	119	(19)	162	
Cash and cash equivalents at 1 April 2007		279	160	142	(20)	
Cash and cash equivalents at 31 March 2008	24	676	279	123	142	

The notes on pages 26 to 51 form part of these financial statements

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2008

1 General information

Prime People Plc ('the Company') and its subsidiaries (together 'the Group') is an international recruitment services organisation with offices in the United Kingdom, the Middle East, South Africa and the Asia Pacific region from which it serves an international client base.

The company is a public limited company which is quoted as an AIM company and is incorporated and domiciled in the UK. The address of the registered office is 40a Dover Street, London W1S 4NW. The registered number of the Company is 1729887.

2 Summary of significant accounting policies

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

2.1 Basis of preparation

The consolidated financial statements of Prime People Plc have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the European Union (IFRSs as adopted by the EU), IFRIC interpretations and the Companies Act 1985 applicable to Companies reporting under IFRS. The consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

(a) Standards, amendments and interpretations effective in the year to 31 March 2008

The following standards, amendments and interpretations to published standards are mandatory for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 April 2007 but have not had any impact on the Group or Company financial statements or operations:

- IFRIC 8, 'Scope of IFRS 2'
- IFRIC 10, 'Interim financial reporting and impairment'
- IFRIC 11, 'IFRS 2 Group and treasury share transactions'.

(b) Standards, amendments and interpretations effective in the year to 31 March 2008 but not relevant

The following standards, amendments and interpretations to published standards are mandatory for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 April 2007 but they are not relevant to the Group or Company's operations:

- IFRIC 9, 'Reassessment of embedded derivatives'.

2.1 Basis of preparation (Continued)

(c) Standards, amendments and interpretations to existing standards that are not yet effective and have not been early adopted by the Group and Company

The following standards, amendments and interpretations to existing standards have been published and are mandatory for the Group's accounting periods beginning on or after 1 April 2008 or later periods, but the Group and Company have not early adopted them:

- IFRS 8, 'Operating segments' (effective from 1 January 2009). IFRS 8 replaces IAS 14 and aligns segment reporting with the requirements of the US standard SFAS 131, 'Disclosures about segments of an enterprise and related information'. The new standard requires a 'management approach', under which segment information is presented on the same basis as that used for internal reporting purposes. The Group will apply IFRS 8 from 1 April 2009. The expected impact is still being assessed in detail by management.

(d) Interpretations to existing standards that are not yet effective and not relevant for the Group and Company's operations

The following interpretations to existing standards have been published and are mandatory for the Group and Company's accounting periods beginning on or after 1 April 2008 or later periods but are not relevant for the Group's operations:

- IAS 23 (Amendment), 'Borrowing costs' (effective from 1 January 2009).
- IFRIC 12, 'Service concession arrangements' (effective from 1 January 2008).
- IFRIC 13, 'Customer loyalty programmes' (effective from 1 July 2008).
- IFRIC 14, 'IAS 19 The limit on a defined benefit asset, minimum funding requirements and their interaction' (effective from 1 January 2008).

2.2 Consolidation

Subsidiaries are all entities over which the Group has the power to govern the financial and operating policies, generally accompanying a shareholding of more than one half of the voting rights. The existence and effect of potential voting rights that are currently exercisable or convertible are considered when assessing whether the Group controls another entity. Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are de-consolidated from the date that control ceases. The purchase method of accounting is used to account for the acquisition of subsidiaries by the Group. The cost of an acquisition is measured as the fair value of the assets given, equity instruments issued and liabilities incurred or assumed at the date of exchange, plus costs directly attributable to the acquisition. Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date, irrespective of the extent of any minority interest. The excess of the cost of acquisition over the fair value of the Group's share of the identifiable net assets acquired is recorded as goodwill. Inter-company transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between Group companies are eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated but considered an impairment indicator of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2008 (Continued)

2.3 Segmental reporting

A business segment is a group of assets and operations engaged in providing products or services that are subject to risks and returns that are different from those of other business segments. A geographical segment is engaged in providing products or services within a particular economic environment that are subject to risks and returns that are different from those of segments operating in other economic environments.

2.4 Foreign currency translation

(a) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates ('the functional currency'). The consolidated financial statements are presented in pounds sterling (\pounds) , which is the Company's functional and presentation currency.

(b) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the income statement.

(c) Group companies

The results and financial position of all the Group entities (none of which has the currency of a hyper-inflationary economy) that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:

- assets and liabilities for each balance sheet presented are translated at the closing rate at the date of that balance sheet;
- -income and expenses for each income statement are translated at average exchange rates; and
- all resulting exchange differences are recognised as a separate component of equity. On consolidation, exchange differences arising from the translation of the net investment in foreign operations, are taken to shareholders' equity.

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2008 (Continued)

2.5 Property, plant and equipment

All property, plant and equipment are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items. Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to the income statement during the financial period in which they are incurred.

Depreciation on assets is calculated using the straight-line method to allocate their cost to their residual values over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

- Motor vehicles 20% 33%
- Furniture, fittings and equipment 20% 33%
- Leasehold improvements over the period of the lease.

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each balance sheet date. An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount (note 2.7). Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount.

2.6 Intangible assets

(a) Goodwill

Goodwill represents the excess of the cost of an acquisition over the fair value of the Group's share of the net identifiable assets of the acquired subsidiary/associate at the date of acquisition. Goodwill on acquisitions of subsidiaries is included in 'intangible assets'. As permitted by the exception in IFRS1 'First time adoption of International Reporting Standards', the Group has elected not to apply IFRS3 'Business combinations' to goodwill arising on acquisition that occurred before the date of transition to IFRS. Separately recognised goodwill is tested annually for impairment and carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses. Impairment losses on goodwill are not reversed. Goodwill is allocated to cash-generating units for the purpose of impairment testing. The allocation is made to those cash-generating units or groups of cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the business combination in which the goodwill arose.

(b) Computer software

Acquired computer software licences are capitalised on the basis of the costs incurred to acquire and bring to use the specific software. These costs are amortised over their estimated useful economic lives (15% - 33% per annum).

Computer software development costs recognised as assets are amortised over their estimated useful lives (15% - 33% per annum).

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2008 (Continued)

2.7 Impairment of non-financial assets

Assets that have an indefinite useful economic life, for example goodwill, are not subject to amortisation and are tested annually for impairment. Assets that are subject to amortisation are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (cash-generating units). Non-financial assets other than goodwill that suffered an impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at each reporting date.

2.8 Financial assets and liabilities

Financial assets and liabilities are recognised in the Group's balance sheet when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provision of the instrument. Non derivative financial instruments comprise trade and other receivables, cash and cash equivalents, loans and borrowing and trade and other payables.

2.9 Trade receivables

Trade receivables are recognised initially at fair value. A provision for impairment of trade receivables is established when there is objective evidence that the Group will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables. Significant financial difficulties of the debtor, probability that the debtor will enter bankruptcy or financial reorganisation, and default or delinquency in payments are considered indicators that the trade receivable is impaired. The amount of the provision is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the original effective interest rate. The carrying amount of the asset is reduced through the use of an allowance account, and the amount of the loss is recognised in the income statement within 'direct costs'. When a trade receivable is uncollectible, it is written off against the allowance account for trade receivables. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited against 'direct costs' in the income statement.

2.10 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities on the balance sheet.

2.11 Trade payables

Trade payables are recognised initially at fair value.

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2008 (Continued)

2.12 Borrowings

Borrowing are recognised at fair value net of transaction costs incurred.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Group has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the balance sheet date.

2.13 Current and deferred income tax

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company's subsidiaries operate and generate taxable income. Deferred income tax is provided in full, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated financial statements. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

Deferred income tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

2.14 Employee benefits

Share-based compensation

The Group operates equity-settled share-based compensation plans. The fair value of the employee services received in exchange for the grant of the options is recognised as an expense. The total amount to be expensed over the vesting period is determined by reference to the fair value of the options granted, excluding the impact of any non-market vesting conditions (for example, profitability and sales growth targets). Non-market vesting conditions are included in assumptions about the number of options that are expected to vest. At each balance sheet date, the entity revises its estimates of the number of options that are expected to vest. It recognises the impact of the revision to original estimates, if any, in the income statement, with a corresponding adjustment to equity.

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2008 (Continued)

2.15 Revenue recognition

Revenue comprises the fair value of the sale of services net of value-added tax, rebates and discounts and after eliminating sales within the Group. Revenue is recognised as follows:

(a) Fee income

Revenue, which excludes value added tax ("VAT"), constitutes the value of services undertaken by the Group as its principal activities, which are recruitment consultancy and other ancillary services. These consist of:

- Revenue from temporary placements, which represents amounts billed for the services of temporary staff, including the salary of these staff. This is recognised when the service has been provided;
- Revenue from permanent placements, which is based on a percentage of the candidate's remuneration package and is derived from both retained assignments (income recognised on completion of defined stages of work) and non-retained assignments (income recognised at the date an offer is accepted by a candidate and where a start date has been determined). The latter includes revenue anticipated but not invoiced at the balance sheet date, which is correspondingly accrued on the balance sheet within prepayments and accrued income. A provision is made against accrued income for possible cancellations of placements prior to, or shortly after, the commencement of employment; and
- Revenue from amounts billed to clients for expenses incurred on their behalf (principally advertisements) is recognised when the expense is incurred.

Interest income is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable.

(b) Cost of sales

Cost of sales consists of the salary cost of temporary staff and costs incurred on behalf of clients, principally advertising costs.

(c) Gross profit

Gross profit represents revenue less cost of sales and consists of the total placement fees of permanent candidates, the margin earned on the placement of temporary candidates and the margin on advertising income.

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2008 (Continued)

2.16 Leases

Leases in which a significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases (net of any incentives received from the lessor) are charged to the income statement on a straightline basis over the period of the lease.

2.17 Dividend distribution

Dividend distribution to the Company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the Group's financial statements in the period in which the dividends are approved by the Company's shareholders.

2.18 Critical accounting estimates and judgements

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates and judgements. It also requires management to exercise judgement in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies. Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Management anticipate that any estimates and judgements made do not have a material effect on the results.

In particular, information about significant areas of estimation uncertainty and critical judgements in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amount recognised in the financial statements are described in 2.15.

3 Financial risk

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks; market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The Group does not use derivative financial instruments to hedge risk exposures.

(a) Market risk

Market risk arises from the group's exposure to foreign exchange risk arising from future commercial transactions and recognised assets and liabilities in foreign operations. The principal foreign exchange risk is to the UAE Dirham, Hong Kong Dollar, South African Rand and the Australian Dollar.

The Group's international operations account for less that 14 per cent of turnover and less than 4 per cent of the Group's assets and consequently the Group's results are substantially independent of changes to the value of foreign currency

(b) Credit risk

Credit risk arises from cash and deposits with banks as well as credit exposure to clients.

(c) Liquidity risk

Effective liquidity risk management requires maintaining sufficient cash and credit facilities to meet forecast cash requirements of the Group. Management monitors its forecasted cash flow requirements at a Group level based on monthly returns made by the Group's operating units.

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2008 (Continued)

4 Segmental analysis

	Gross fee income		Segment assets		Capital expenditure	
	31 March	31 March	31 March	31March	31 March	31 March
	2008	2007	2008	2007	2008	2007
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Continuing	operations:					
UK	20,885	19,073	15,998	15,081	138	164
Other	3,394	1,106	590		9	
Total	24,279	20,179	16,588	15,081	147	164

5 Operating profit

		Year ended 31 March 2008	Year ended 31 March 2007			
		£'000	£'000			
This is arrived at after characters payable to the company's annual acc	pany's auditor for the audit of	17	16			
Fees payable to the company's auditor and its associates for other services - the audit of the company's subsidiaries pursuant to						
legislation	1	21	18			
- tax services		4	3			
Depreciation	- leased assets	-	4			
	- owned assets	147	104			
Operating lease rentals	land and buildingsother operating leases	439 7	356 7			
	=					

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2008 (Continued)

6 Directors and key management

	Year ended 31 March 2008 £'000	Year ended 31 March 2007 £'000
Directors' and key management remuneration consists of: Fees and emoluments for management services	442	413
	442	413
Highest paid director: Emoluments	165	157
	165	157

Directors' Options

At 31 March 2008 directors' options on ordinary shares of 10p each granted under the Prime People Enterprise Management Incentive Scheme, were as follows:

Director	Date Granted	Granted	Exercise Price	Exercise Period
S J Murphy	16 May 2005	184,234	57.5p	16 May 2007 - 15 May 2015
C I Heayberd	16 May 2005	184,234	57.5p	16 May 2007 - 15 May 2015

7 Staff costs including (directors)

Group	Year ended 31 March 2008 Number	Year ended 31 March 2007 Number
The average monthly number of employees of the Group during the year, including directors, was as follows:		
Consultants	98	70
Management and administration	28	34
	126	104
Company	Year ended 31 March 2008 Number	Year ended 31 March 2007 Number
The average monthly number of employees of the Company during the year, including directors, was as follows:	1 (0.11.002	1,0222002
Management	5	5
=		

Staff costs for all employees, including directors, but excluding temporary staff placed with clients consists of:

Group	Year ended 31 March 2008 £'000	Year ended 31 March 2007 £'000
Wages and salaries Social security costs	7,610 725	5,684 639
	8,335	6,323

8 Interest payable and similar charges

	Year ended 31 March 2008 £'000	Year ended 31 March 2007 £'000
Bank interest Finance charges payable in respect of hire purchase agreements	90	95 1
	91	96

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2008 (Continued)

9 Taxation

	Year ended 31 March 2008 £'000	Year ended 31 March 2007 £'000
Current tax		
UK Corporation tax	780	674
UK tax (over)/under provided in previous years		
Total current tax	778	681
Deferred tax		
Origination and reversal of temporary differences		(16)
Total income tax expense in the income statement	803	665

The tax assessed for the year is higher than that obtained by applying the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK. The differences are explained below:

	Year ended 31 March 2008	Year ended 31 March 2007
Profit before taxation	2,434	2,009
UK corporation tax at the standard rate of 30% (2007: 30%) on profit on ordinary activities	730	603
Effects:		
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	64	20
Capital allowances for the period less than depreciation	8	1
Foreign tax losses (utilised)/not utilised	(20)	47
Tax rate differences	(2)	3
(Overprovision)/Under provision in prior years	(2)	7
	778	681

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2008 (Continued)

10 Dividends

	Year ended 31 March 2008 £'000	Year ended 31 March 2007 £'000
Final dividend for 2007 Interim dividend for 2008: 1.35p per share	271 162	121 150
	433	271

The directors propose a final dividend in respect of the year ending 31 March 2008 of 2.4 pence per share which will be paid on 16 July 2008 to shareholders who are on the register on 20 June 2008.

11 Earnings per share

Earnings per share (EPS) has been calculated in accordance with IAS 33 "Earnings per share" and is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to ordinary shareholders by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year.

Earnings and weighted average number of shares used in the calculations are shown below.

	Year ended 31 March 2008 £'000	Year ended 31 March 2007 £'000
Retained profit for basic earnings per share	1,631	1,344
	Number	Number
Weighted average number of shares used for basic and continuing earnings per share Dilutive effect of share options and shares to be issued	12,028,899 792,589	11,810,511 482,768
Diluted weighted average number of shares used for diluted earnings per share	12,821,488	12,293,279
	Pence	Pence
Basic earnings per share Diluted earnings per share	13.56p 12.72p	11.38p 10.93p
Continuing basic earnings per share Continuing diluted earnings per share	13.56p 12.72p	11.38p 10.93p

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2008 (Continued)

12 Goodwill

	Goodwill £'000
At 1 April 2006, 1 April 2007 and 31 March 2008	9,769

Goodwill was tested for impairment in accordance with IAS36. All of the recoverable amounts were based on value in use. The key assumptions in the value in use calculations were based on the performance of the business in the current year measured against the budgeted performance and the projected results for the next 12 months.

13 Property, plant and equipment

	Fixtures, fittings and equipment	Motor vehicles	Total
Group	£'000	£'000	£'000
Cost			
At 1 April 2006	484	22	506
Additions	164	-	164
Disposals	(16)	-	(16)
At 1 April 2007	632	22	654
Additions	130	17	147
Disposals	(9)	-	(9)
At 31 March 2008	753	39	792
Depreciation			
At 1 April 2006	240	7	247
Provision for the year	104	4	108
Disposals	(16)	-	(16)
At 1 April 2007	328	11	339
Provision for the year	141	6	147
Disposals	(8)	-	(8)
At 31 March 2008	461	17	478
Net book value At 31 March 2008	292	22	314
At 31 March 2007	305	11	316
At 31 March 2006	245	15	260

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2008 (Continued)

14 Property, plant and equipment

Company	Fixtures, fittings and equipment £'000
Cost At 1 April 2006	31
Additions Disposals	1 (16)
At 1 April 2007 Additions	16 10
Disposals	(2)
At 31 March 2008	24
Depreciation At 1 April 2006	25
Provision for the year Disposals	4 (16)
At 1 April 2007 Provision for the year	13 4
Disposals	(1)
At 31 March 2008	16
Net book value At 31 March 2008	8
At 31 March 2007	3
At 31 March 2006	6

Prime People Plc Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2008 (Continued)

15 Non current asset investments

Company	Investment held for sale	Shares in subsidiary undertakings	Total
	£'000	£'000	£'000
Cost At 1 April 2006 Disposal	167 (167)	11,139	11,306 (167)
At 1 April 2007 and 31 March 2008	-	11,139	11,139
Amounts provided At 1 April 2006 and 1 April 2007 Provided in year	-	163 50	163 50
At 31 March 2008	-	213	213
Net book value At 31 March 2008	-	10,926	10,926
At 31 March 2007	-	10,976	10,976
At 31 March 2006	167	10,976	11,143

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2008 (Continued)

15 Non current asset investments (Continued)

The following are subsidiary undertakings at the end of the year and have all been included in the consolidated financial statements:

	Country of incorporation business	Proportion of voting rights and ordinary share capital held	Nature of subsidiary undertakings
Macdonald & Company Group Limited	England and Wales	100%	Holding Company
Macdonald & Company Property Limited	England and Wales	100%	Recruitment
Macdonald and Company Freelance Limited	England and Wales	100%	Recruitment
Macdonald & Company (Overseas) Limited	England and Wales	100%	Dormant
Propertejobs.com Limited	England and Wales	100%	Dormant
Macdonald & Company Pty Ltd	Australia	100%	Recruitment
Macdonald & Company Ltd	Hong Kong	100%	Recruitment
Macdonald & Company Recruitment Proprietary Ltd	South Africa	100%	Recruitment
Harper Craven Associates Limited	England and Wales	100%	Management training

For all undertakings listed above, the country of operation is the same as its country of incorporation.

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2008 (Continued)

16 Deferred tax asset

Group	Depreciation in excess of capital allowances £'000	Losses £'000	Total £'000
Balance at 1 April 2006	(19)	66	75
Credit to income		35	16
Balance at 31 March 2007	(10)	101	91
Charge	8	(33)	(25)
Balance at 31 March 2008	(2)	68	66

Company	Capital allowances more than depreciation £'000	Losses £'000	Total £'000
Balance at 1 April 2006 Credit to income	- -	66	66
Balance at 31 March 2007 Charge to income	1	66 2	66 3
Balance at 31 March 2008	1	68	69

The deferred tax asset arises from losses brought forward from prior periods which it is anticipated will be recovered against future profits.

17 Trade and other receivables

	Group		Company	
	2008	2007	2008	2007
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Amounts receivable within one year				
Trade receivables	3,055	2,383	-	-
Amounts owed by subsidiary undertakings	-	-	1,378	835
Other receivables	117	111	4	3
Prepayments and accrued income	2,579	2,107	17	10
	5,751	4,601	1,399	848
	· .		·	

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2008 (Continued)

18 Financial Instruments

	Note	2008 £'000	2007 £'000
Financial assets	17	5 5 51	4.601
Trade and other receivables Cash and cash equivalents	17	5,751 688	4,601 304
	_	6,439	4.905

Sterling

Cash is held either on current account or on short term deposits at floating rates of interest determined by the relevant bank's prevailing base rate.

To date, the Group's currency exposure is limited and it has not been necessary to use any derivative financial instruments to manage this exposure. Any resulting gains or losses are recognised in the profit and loss account.

	2008 £'000	2007 £'000
Financial liabilities		
Current		
Bank loan (Secured)	280	280
Bank overdraft	12	25
Hire purchase obligations		3
	292	308
	2008	2007
	£'000	£'000
Non-current		
Bank loan (Secured)	560	840
	560	840

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2008 (Continued)

18 Financial Instruments (continued)

The maturity of these obligations is as follows:

	2008 £'000	2007 £'000
In one year or less In more than one year but less than two years In more than two years but not more than five years	292 280 280	308 280 560
	852	1,148

The Group's financial liabilities consist of a bank overdraft and a bank loan both denominated in sterling.

Bank overdraft

The Group has committed borrowing facilities which are renewed annually. The maximum facilities available amount to £1.5m (2007: £1m). The Group's overdraft has an interest rate of 1.75 per cent over bank base rate.

Bank loan

On 3 January 2006 the company entered into a loan agreement with Barclays Bank Plc to part fund the acquisition of Macdonald & Company Group Limited. Loan repayments commenced in April 2006 in 20 equal quarterly instalments with the final repayment due in January 2011. Interest on the loan is payable at 1.75 per cent over bank base rate. The loan is secured by a fixed and floating charge over all the assets of Prime People Plc and its subsidiary companies.

There is no material difference between the book values of the group's financial assets and liabilities and their fair values.

The Group does not hold any derivative financial instruments.

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2008 (Continued)

19 Trade and other payables – current

	Group		Company	
	2008 £'000	2007 £'000	2008 £'000	2007 £'000
Trade payables Other payables Taxation and social security Accruals and deferred income Amounts due to subsidiary undertakings	400 193 864 1,120	205 165 814 850	14 - 6 50	5 44 13
	2,577	2,034	70	62

20 Share capital

	31 March 2008		31 March 2007	
-	Number	£'000	Number	£'000
AUTHORISED Ordinary shares of 10p each	16,000,000	1,600	16,000,000	1,600
ALLOTTED, CALLED UP AND FULLY PAID Ordinary shares of 10p each At beginning of year Shares issued	12,028,899	1,203	10,840,263 1,188,636	1084 119
At end of period	12,028,899	1,203	12,028,899	1,203

Related to the acquisition of Macdonald & Co Group Limited on 5 June 2006 the company issued 1,188,636 ordinary shares with an aggregate nominal value of £118,864 for a total consideration of £1,000,000.

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2008 (Continued)

20 Share capital (continued)

Employee share schemes

The Company operates two share options schemes, an Employee Management Incentive Scheme and a HM Revenue & Customs approved scheme.

Enterprise Management Incentive Scheme (EMI)

The Company established an Enterprise Management Incentive Scheme on 16 May 2005.

Details are as follows:-

	Year of grant	Exercise Price Pence	Exercise Period	Number of options 31 March 2007	Granted	Lapsed	Number of Options 31 March 2008
2	2006	57.5	2007-2015	368,467	-	-	368,467
2	2007	90.5	2008-2013	140,000	-	(41,000)	99,000
2	2008	122.00 113.50	2009-2014 2009-2014	-	40,000 251,000	(59,000)	40,000 192,000
То	otal 20	800		508,467	291,000	(100,000)	699,467
	eighte ice 20	ed averag 08 (pence)	•	65.69p	100.82p	87.07p	87.41p
То	otal 20	007		368,467	140,000		508,467
	eighte	ed averag 07 (pence)		57.50p_	73.89p		65.69p

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2008 (Continued)

20 Share capital (continued)

There were 699,467 options outstanding at 31 March 2008 which had a weighted average price per share of 87.41p. The performance conditions which gives the option holders the right to exercise their options under the EMI have been achieved. All the options granted during the year have been valued on a weighted average basis using the Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following assumptions:

	2008	2007
Share price (pence)	114.70	90.50
Expected volatility (%)	31.60	50.00
Risk-free interest rate (%)	4.45	4.50
Expected life of options (years)	2	2

Expected volatility was determined by reference to historical volatility of the company's share price.

2001 Employee Share Option Scheme

There are no share options held under the HM Revenue & Customs approved scheme.

SAYE Share Scheme

The company operates a three year save as you earn (SAYE) scheme for the benefit of the employees within the company which is administered by Barclays Bank Trust Company Limited.

On 3 September 2007 all eligible employees within the group were invited to buy shares in Prime People Plc.

Details are as follows:

Year of grant	Exercise price Pence	Exercise period	Granted	Number of Options 31 March 2008
2008	86.00	2011	222,800	222,800
Total 2008			222,800	222,800
Weighted ave 2008 (pence)		e price	86.0p	86.0p

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2008 (Continued)

20 Share capital (continued)

There were 222,800 SAYE options outstanding at 31 March 2008 which had a weighted average price per share of 49.24p. All the SAYE options have been valued using the Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following assumptions:

	2008	2007
Share price (pence)	107.0	-
Expected volatility (%)	37.0	-
Risk-free interest rate (%)	4.0	-
Expected life of options (years)	3	-

21 Statement of changes in equity

Company	Called up share capital	Share premium account	Share option reserve	Other reserve	Retained earnings	Total
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
At 1 April 2007 Retained profit for the year	1,203	7,095	61	173	2,321 1,191	10,853 1,191
Share option charge Equity dividends	- -	- -	4 -	- -	(433)	4 (433)
At 31 March 2008	1,203	7,095	65	173	3,079	11,615

The Company has taken advantage of the exemption conferred by Section 230(3) of the Companies Act 1985 not to present its own profit and loss account. The amount of consolidated profit after tax and before dividends dealt with in the financial statements of the parent is £1,190,945 (2007: profit £1,233,704).

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2008 (Continued)

22 Commitments

As at 31 March 2008 the group was committed to making the following total payments in respect of operating leases:

Group	Land and buildings 2008 £'000	Other 2008 £'000	Land and buildings 2007 £'000	Other 2007 £'000
Non-cancellable operating leases which expire: Within one year In one to five years After five years	38 896 467	2 7 -	48 955 459	- 16 -
	1,401	9	1,462	16

The Company does not hold non-cancellable operating lease agreements.

23 Reconciliation of operating profit to net cash inflow from operating activities

	Group		Company	
-	Year ended 31 March 2008 £'000	Year ended 31 March 2007 £'000	Year ended 31 March 2008 £'000	Year ended 31 March 2007 £'000
Group operating profit	2,513	2,087	77	74
Depreciation	147	108	4	4
Share option reserve movement	59	78	4	61
Effect of exchange rate changes	(15)	-	-	-
Increase in debtors	(1,150)	(1,268)	(552)	(735)
Increase in creditors	542	261	8	(17)
	2,096	1,266	(459)	(613)

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2008 (Continued)

24 Analysis of net (debt)

Group	At 1 April 2007	Cash flow	At 31 March 2008
	£'000	£'000	£'000
Cash at bank and in hand Bank overdraft	304 (25)	384	688 (12)
	279	397	676
Bank loans due within one year Bank loans due after one year Hire purchase obligations	(280) (840) (3)	280	(280) (560)
Total debt	(844)	680	(164)

Company	At 1 April 2007	Cash flow	At 31 March 2008
	£'000	£'000	£'000
Cash at bank and in hand	149	(17)	132
Bank overdraft	(7)	(2)	(9)
	142	(19)	123
Bank loans due within one year	(280)		(280)
Bank loans due after one year	(840)	280	(560)
Total debt	(978)	261	(717)

25 Related party transactions

Prime People Plc provides various management services to its subsidiary undertakings. These services take the form of centralised Finance and Operations support. The Company also provides corporate guarantees on the subsidiary bank accounts. The total amount charged by the Company to its subsidiaries during the year is £414k (2007: £414k). The balance owed by the subsidiary undertakings at the year end is £1,378k (2007: £835k)

Notice of Annual General Meeting

Notice is hereby given that the twenty-fourth Annual General Meeting of Prime People Plc (the "Company") will be held at 40a Dover Street, Mayfair, London W1S 4NW on Wednesday 30 July 2008 at 11.00am for the following purposes:

Ordinary Business:

- 1. To receive the Company's financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2008 together with the reports of the directors and auditors thereon.
- 2. To approve the Directors' recommendation that a final dividend of 2.4p per share be declared on the ordinary shares of the company
- 3. To approve the Remuneration Report
- 4. To re-elect Mr R J G Macdonald as a director, who retires by rotation pursuant to the articles of association and, being eligible, offers himself up for re-election.
- 5. To re elect Mr S J Murphy as a director who retires by rotation pursuant to the articles of association and, being eligible, offers himself up for re-election.
- 6. To re-appoint Horwath Clark Whitehill LLP as auditors for the ensuing year.
- To authorise the Directors to determine the remuneration of the auditors.

Special Business:

8. To consider and, if thought fit, to pass the following resolution as an ordinary resolution:

That the Directors be and are hereby generally and unconditionally authorised in accordance with Section 80 of the Companies Act 1985 ('the Act') to exercise all powers of the Company to allot relevant securities (as defined in sub-section (2) of the said Section 80) up to an aggregate nominal amount of £400,923 provided that this authority shall expire at the conclusion of the Annual General Meeting to be held in 2008 or 15 months after the passing of this resolution (whichever is the earlier) save that the Company may before such expiry make an offer or agreement which would or might require relevant securities to be allotted after such expiry and the Directors may allot relevant securities in pursuance of such an offer or agreement as if the authority conferred hereby had not expired.

- 9. To consider, and, if thought fit, to pass the following resolution as a special resolution:
 - That pursuant to Section 95 of the Act the Directors be and are hereby empowered to allot equity securities (as defined by Section 94 of the Act) for cash pursuant to the authority conferred by Resolution 7 above as if Section 89(1) of the Act did not apply to such allotment provided that this power shall be limited:
- a) to the allotment of equity securities in connection with a rights issue, open offer or otherwise in favour of the holders of equity securities in proportion to their respective holdings of such securities but subject to such exclusions or other arrangements as the Directors may deem necessary or expedient to deal with legal or practical problems in respect of overseas holders, fractional entitlements or otherwise; or
 - b) to the allotment (otherwise than pursuant to sub-paragraph (a) above) of equity securities up to an aggregate nominal amount of £60,144.
- 10. To consider, and, if thought fit, to pass the following resolution as a special resolution:

That the Company be and is hereby generally and unconditionally authorised for the purposes of section 166 of the Act to make one or more market purchases (within the meaning of section 163(3) of the Act) on the AIM Market of the London Stock Exchange of ordinary shares of 10p each in the capital of the Company provided that:

- a) The maximum aggregate number of new ordinary shares authorised to be purchased is 1,202,890 (representing approximately 10 per cent of the Company's current issued ordinary share capital).
- b) The minimum price which may be paid for such shares is £0.10 per share.
- c) The maximum price which may be paid for an ordinary share shall not be more than 5 per cent above the average of the middle market quotations for a new ordinary share as derived from the London Stock Exchange for the five business days immediately preceding the date on which the new ordinary share is purchased.
- d) Unless previously renewed, varied or revoked, the authority hereby conferred shall expire at the conclusion of the Company's next AGM or 12 months from the date of passing this resolution, if earlier.
- e) The Company may make a contract or contracts to purchase new ordinary shares under the authority conferred prior to the expiry of such authority which will or may be executed wholly or partly after the expiry of such authority and may make a purchase of new ordinary shares in pursuance of any such contract or contracts.

Registered Office 40a Dover Street London W1S 4NW By order of the Board C I Heayberd Secretary 5th June 2008

Notes:

- i. Any Member having the right to attend and vote at the meeting is entitled to appoint one or more proxies to attend and vote on his behalf. A proxy need not be a member of the Company. To be effective, the form of proxy and any power of attorney or other authority under which it is executed or a notarially certified or office copy of such power or authority must be lodged with the Company's registrars, Neville Registrars Limited, Neville House, 18 Laurel Lane, Halesowen, West Midlands B63 3DA, not less than 48 hours before the time appointed for the meeting.
- ii. In the case of a corporation, the form of proxy should be under its common seal, or under the hand of an officer of the corporation duly authorised in that behalf.
- iii. Directors' service contracts together with a copy of the Rules to the company's Inland Revenue Approved Employee Enterprise Management Incentive Scheme and the minutes of the previous Annual General Meeting will be available for inspection 15 minutes prior to the commencement of the Meeting.

Form of Proxy

For use at the Annual General Meeting convened for Wednesday 30 July 2008 at 11.00am. I/We

<i></i>	_
Of	
being (a) member(s) of the above-named Company, hereby appoint the Chairman for the time being of the meeting or*	-
is my/our proxy to vote for me/us on my/our behalf at the Annual General Meeting of the Company to be held on [-
and at any adjournment thereof.	

]

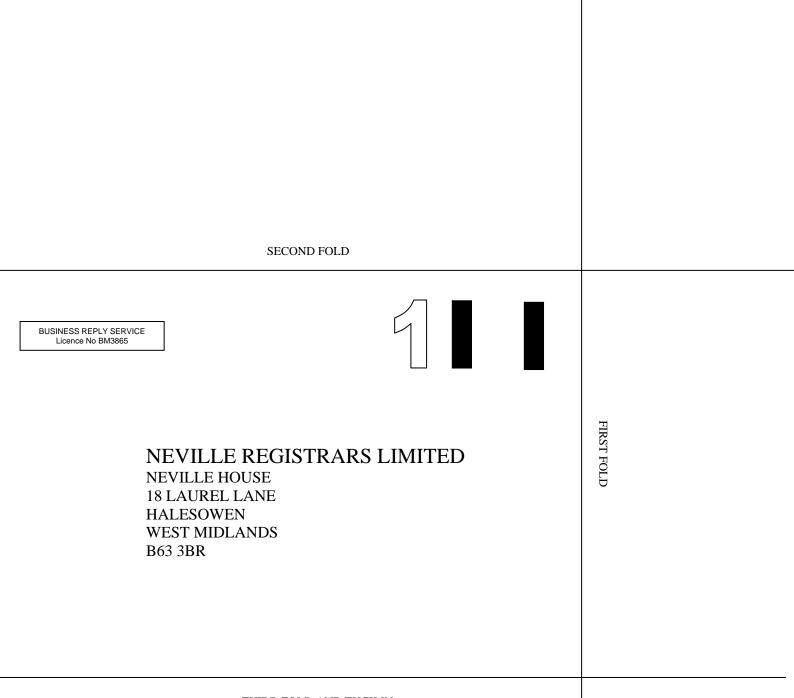
I/We direct my/our proxy to vote on the resolutions set out in the notice convening the Annual General Meeting as follows:

	ORDINARY BUSINESS	FOR	AGAINST	ABSTAIN
1.	To approve the Company's financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2008 together with the reports of the directors and auditors thereon.			
2.	To approve the final dividend of 2.4p per ordinary share			
3.	To approve the Remuneration Report.			
4.	To re-elect Mr RJG Macdonald as a director			
5.	To re elect Mr S J Murphy as a director			
6.	To re-appoint Horwath Clark Whitehill LLP as auditors for the ensuing year			
7.	To authorise the directors to determine the remuneration of the auditors.			
	SPECIAL BUSINESS			
8.	To authorise the directors to issue new shares			
9.	To empower the directors to allot shares for cash.			
10.	To authorise the directors to make market purchases of its own shares.			

Signed this	day of	2008
Signature		
** .		

Notes:

- 1. Please indicate how you wish to vote by marking an X opposite the resolution.
- 2. If this form is signed and returned without any indication as to how the proxy shall vote, he will exercise his discretion both as to how he votes and as to whether or not to abstain from voting.
- $3. \hspace{0.5cm} \text{In the case of joint holders the signature of any holder will be sufficient.} \\$
- 4. In the case of an individual, this Form of Proxy shall be signed by the appointor or by his attorney. A corporation's Form of Proxy shall be executed under its common seal, or under the hand of an officer or attorney duly authorised on the corporation's behalf.
- 5.* If you wish to appoint a proxy other than the Chairman of the meeting a space has been provided. Please make the necessary deletion and initial it. A proxy need not be a member of the Company.
- 6. This Form of Proxy, to be valid, must be lodged with the Company's Registrars at the address overleaf not less than 48 hours before the time of the appointed meeting together with the power of attorney or other written authority, if any, under which it is signed or an office copy or a notarially certified copy thereof. Completion and return of a Form of Proxy does not prevent a member from attending and voting at the meeting should he/she wish



Financial Calendar

Half year results - Announcement November 2008

Full year results - Announcement June 2009

Report and accounts - Posted to shareholders June 2009

Principal Addresses

Prime People Plc 40a Dover Street

Mayfair London W1S 4NW

Tel: 020 7493 5689
Fax: 0870 442 1737
www.prime-people.co.uk
E: co.sec@prime-people.co.uk

Macdonald & Company 40a Dover Street

Mayfair London W1S 4NW

Tel: 020 7629 7220 Fax: 020 7629 3990

www.macdonaldandcompany.co.uk E:: london@macdonaldandcompany.com

Macdonald & Company Level 31 ABN AMRO Tower

88 Phillip Street Sydney 2000 NSW

Australia Tel: +61 2 8211 0529

Fax + 61 2 8211 0555

www.macdonaldandcompany.au

E: australia@macdonaldandcompany.com

Macdonald & Company

16th Floor 1 Duddell Street Central

Hong Kong Tel +852 2248 3000

Fax + 852 2526 9150

www.macdonaldandcompany.hk

E: hongkong@macdonaldandcompany.com

Harper Craven Associates Limited

Rocklands Place Boreham Lane Watling

Nr Herstmonceux
East Sussex
Tel: 08707 503630
Fax: 01323 834929
www.harpercrayen.co.uk

E: infocentre@harpercraven.co.uk

Macdonald & Company

York House 20 York Street Manchester M2 3BB

Tel: 0161 605 0500 Fax: 0161 605 0505

www.macdonaldandcompany.co.uk

E: manchester@macdonaldandcompany.com

Macdonald & Company

Office 206 - 207

Beach Park Plaza Centre

Al Barsha 2 PO BOX 282196

Dubai

United Arab Emirates Tel: + 971 4 430 9233

www.macdonaldandcompany.ae
E: dubai@macdonaldandcompany.com

Macdonald & Company Gleneagles House Fairway Office Park 52 Grosvenor Road

Beyanston South Africa

Tel + 27 (0) 861 5222 52

www.macdonaldandcompany.co.za

E: southafrica@macdonaldandcompany.com

40a Dover Street

Mayfair

London W1S 4NW

Tel: 020 7493 5689

Fax: 0870 442 1737